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JC12 Rec'd PCT/PTC 08 NOV 2005SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MEASUREMENT REPORT TIME
STAMPING TO ENSURE REFERENCE TIME CORRECTNESS

5 The present invention relates to Local Area Network communication, and more particularly to a system and method for time stamping a measurement report that ensures correctness of a reference time.

 In general, there are two variants of WLANs: infrastructure-based and ad hoc-type. In the former network, communication typically takes place only between the wireless
10 nodes, called stations (STA), and an access point (AP) that is also a STA., which together form a basic service set (BSS). Communication takes place directly between wireless nodes (STAs) which form an independent basic service set (IBSS) in the ad hoc-type network.

 In a WLAN, measurements are requested and reported between Radio
15 Measurement-capable STAs. Measurements on non-serving channels are dedicated measurements, requiring the measuring STA to interrupt its normal operation, switch channels and acquire radio measurements. Measurements on a serving channel are executed by a STA as concurrent measurements. While a Measurement-capable STA is responsible for decoding and interpreting each Measurement Report Frame and assessing
20 its impact on its own performance, the execution of some Measurement requests is optional and may be ignored by a receiving STA if its execution would significantly degrade the STA's performance.

 A STA may measure one or more channels itself or a STA may request other STAs in the same BSS or IBSS to measure one or more channels on its behalf. When requesting
25 other STAs to measure one or more channels, a STA employs a Measurement Request Frame specifying therein at least one Measurement Request element.

 The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 802.11-1999 standard is a protocol standard for wireless LANs (WLANs) that focuses on the media access control (MAC) and physical (PHY) layers and is hereby incorporated by reference as if
30 fully set forth herein. In the IEEE 802.11(h) and IEEE 802.11(k) draft supplements to this standard, which are hereby incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein, measurement requests include a time reference specifying when a requested measurement is to be started. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 1A, a Measurement Offset parameter

100 and an Activation Delay parameter 101 together specify the reference time in IEEE TGh and TGk. Activation Delay is the measurement activation delay in number of target beacon transmission times (TBTTs) and Measurement Offset is the measurement offset in timer units (TUs). FIG. 1B illustrates the measurement requests allowed.

5 Due to channel conditions, more than one attempt may be made to communicate a measurement request to a destination station (STA). At the receiving STA, if more than one copy of the same measurement request is received, then the STA discards the most recently received duplicate packets. This is according to the protocol specified in the IEEE 802.11 standard.

10 The discard of duplicate frames at the receiving STA, according to the IEEE 802.11 protocol, may result in the requesting and receiving STA each having a different reference beacon from which each references measurement start times. For example, if a measurement request is intended to be transmitted in one beacon period and, due to channel conditions, the recipient STA receives the frame correctly while its ACK is not
15 received back at the transmitting STA, and if subsequently the measurement request is successfully transmitted in another beacon period, then, at the transmitting and receiving stations the reference beacons differ.

 Embodiments of the present invention provide a method and system that resolves the ambiguity in a WLAN measurement report by including timer values in measurement
20 reports. The time a measurement is requested to be performed and the actual time the measurement is made can then be compared by the requestor to ensure that no ambiguity occurs. In an embodiment of the present invention for an IEEE 802.11 WLAN, time synchronization function (TSF) timer values are included in measurement reports.

 In a preferred embodiment, a Measurement Report Frame and element are modified
25 to contain a field with an absolute time reference. For an IEEE 802.11 WLAN the absolute time reference is the value of TSF time (or part thereof) when requested measurements start. In all embodiments, comparison is made between the intended (requested) time to start the measurements and the time measurements actually started to ensure that no protocol ambiguities occurred.

30 FIG. 1A illustrates parameters of a service primitive that requests the transmission of a measurement request to a peer entity in a WLAN;

 FIG. 1B illustrates the measurement requests allowed in a WLAN;

FIG. 2A is a simplified block diagram illustrating the architecture of a basic service set (BSS) wireless communication system whereto embodiments of the present invention are to be applied;

5 FIG. 2B is a simplified block diagram illustrating the architecture of an ad hoc-type independent basic service set (IBSS) wireless communication system whereto embodiments of the present invention are to be applied;

FIG. 3 illustrates a simplified block diagram of an access point (AP) and each station (STA) within a particular basic service set (BSS) or independent basic service set (IBSS) according to an embodiment of the present invention;

10 FIG. 4 illustrates a Measurement Report Frame format according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 5A illustrates a Measurement Report Element format according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

15 FIG. 5B illustrates a Measurement Report mode field of the Measurement Report Element illustrated in FIG. 5A, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

In the following description, by way of explanation rather than limitation, specific details are set forth such as the particular architecture, interfaces, techniques, etc., in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced in other wireless
20 network embodiments that depart from these specific details.

FIG. 2A is a representative infrastructure basic service set (BSS) wireless network whereto embodiments of the present invention are to be applied. As shown in FIG. 2A, an access point (AP) 200 is coupled to a plurality of mobile stations (STA_i) 201, which, through wireless links 202 are communicating with each other and the AP via a plurality of
25 wireless channels. A key principle of the present invention is to provide a mechanism to time stamp reports of measurements taken by the STA_i 201 so that protocol ambiguities can be avoided should they occur and, therefore, makes it possible to employ corrective actions after the fact. It should be noted that the network shown in FIG. 2 is small for purposes of illustration. In practice most networks would include a much larger number of mobile
30 STA_i 201. FIG. 2B is a representative ad hoc-type independent basic service set (IBSS) wireless network whereto embodiments of the present invention are to be applied. As

shown in FIG. 2B, a plurality of mobile stations (STA_i) 201 communicate with each other through wireless links 202 without any AP.

Referring to FIG. 3, the AP 200 and each STA_i 201 within the WLAN of FIGs. 2A and B may include a system with an architecture that is illustrated in the block diagram of FIG. 3. Both the AP 200 and each STA_i 201 may include a receiver 301, a demodulator 302, a measurement circuit 303, a memory 304, a control processor 305, a timer 306, a modulator 307, and a transmitter 308. The exemplary system 300 of FIG. 3 is for descriptive purposes only. Although the description may refer to terms commonly used in describing particular mobile stations, the description and concepts equally apply to other processing systems, including systems having architectures dissimilar to that shown in FIG. 3.

In a preferred embodiment, the receiver 301 and the transmitter 308 are coupled to an antenna (not shown) to convert received measurement reports and transmit desired measurement requests into corresponding digital data via the demodulator 302 and the modulator 307, respectively. The measurement acquisition circuit operates under the control of the processor 305 to process received Measurement Report Frames comprising measurements and corresponding time stamps or to make requested or periodic measurements (autonomously) in which measurements are conveyed along with corresponding time stamps in Measurement Report Frames. FIG. 1B shows possible requestor and measurer combinations for both IBSS and BSS IEEE 802.11 WLANs embodiments of the present invention. The timer 306 is used to set the time stamp in the Measurement Report Frames that indicates the start time of the measurement being reported.

FIG. 4 illustrates a format for a Measurement Report Frame body 400 according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention. In an IEEE 802.11 WLAN embodiment of the present invention, the Measurement Report Frame body 400 uses an Action frame body format and is transmitted by a STA 201 in response to a Measurement Request Frame or by a STA 201 autonomously providing measurement information. In all embodiments, the Category field 401 is set equal to a value indicating a Radio Measurement category or Spectrum Management category. The Action field 402 is set equal to a value indicating a Measurement Report is contained therein. The Dialog Token field 403 is set equal to a value in a corresponding Measurement Request Frame. If the Measurement Report Frame

400 is not being transmitted in response to a Measurement Request Frame then the Dialog Token field 402 is set equal to zero. In a preferred embodiment, at least one of (1) the Time Stamp field 404 of a Measurement Report Frame contains the value of an absolute time reference at the time when the STA started measuring the first reported measurement and (2) at least one Measurement Report Element 405 500 is time-stamped 504. The Measurement Report Elements field 405 contains at least one Measurement Report Elements 500, as illustrated in FIG. 5A. The number of Measurement Report elements 500 and length of the Measurement Report Elements field 405 in a Measurement Report Frame 400 is limited by the maximum allowed medium access control (MAC) management protocol data unit (MMPDU) size.

Each Measurement Report Element 500 contains a measurement report of a measurement made by a STA 201. The format of a Measurement Report Element 500 of a preferred embodiment is shown in FIG. 5B. The Element ID field 501 is set to an identifier assigned by a corresponding measurement request (e.g., according to IEEE 802.11 standard it is 39 for Measurement report.) The Length field 502 is variable and depends on the length of the Measurement Report field 507. The minimum value of the Length field is 3 (e.g., reporting a Measurement Mode equal to Incapable or Refused and using a zero-length Measurement Report field). The Measurement Token field 503 is set equal to the Measurement Token in the corresponding measurement request. If the Measurement Report element is being sent autonomously by a STA then the Measurement Token field 503 is set equal to zero. The Time Stamp field 504 is set to the value of an absolute timer when the requested measurement is started for each Measurement Element reported in a Measurement Report Frame 400, which is a TSF timer value for an IEEE 802.11 embodiment of the present invention. It should be noted that either or both Time-Stamp fields 404 and 504 can be present in a Measurement Report.

The inclusion of the actual time 504 of a Measurement Element 500 increases the confidence level of the measurement and when several STAs 201 report the same measurement at close but different time actual times 504, this confidence level is further enhanced. In addition, the frequency of transmitted and requested measurement reports helps guide STAs 201 in requesting and making measurement reports, e.g., if a report is received by a STA 201 at 1:00 and 1:05 the STA 201 can request or report measurements at 1:10 to obtain or provide, respectively, a reliable measurement of a given element(s).

While the preferred embodiments of the present invention have been illustrated and described, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications may be made, and equivalents may be substituted for elements thereof without departing from the true scope of the present invention. In addition, many
5 modifications may be made to adapt to a particular situation and the teaching of the present invention without departing from its central scope. Therefore it is intended that the present invention not be limited to the particular embodiment disclosed as the best mode contemplated for carrying out the present invention, but that the present invention include all embodiments falling within the scope of the appended claims.

Claims:

1. A method for creating a measurement report among a plurality of stations in a wireless local area network (WLAN), comprising the steps of:

receiving by a measurement capable station of said plurality of stations a measurement request for at least one measurement report element to be made at a given time;

recording by the measurement capable station said at least one measurement report element;

creating by the measurement capable station a measurement report comprising said at least one measurement report element as one of measurement report elements contained therein;

respectively time-stamping with an absolute time reference at least one of said at least one recorded measurement report element and said measurement report; and

transmitting by the measurement capable station said created measurement report.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said time-stamping step further comprises the step of setting by the measurement capable station each said absolute time to a time synchronization function (TSF) timer value.

3. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

if at least one measurement element has been time-stamped with an absolute time reference -

determining by the measurement capable station an earliest said absolute time reference of a measurement report element, and

setting by the measurement capable station said measurement report time-stamp to said determined earliest absolute time reference of a measurement report element.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein said time-stamping step further comprises the step of setting by the measurement capable station each said absolute time to a time synchronization function (TSF) timer value.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein said creating step further comprises the step of including in said measurement report a plurality of fields formatted as one of

	Category	Action	Dialog Token	reserved	Measurement Report Elements
Octets:	1	1	1	8	variable

and

	Category	Action	Dialog Token	Time Stamp	Measurement Report Elements
Octets:	1	1	1	8	variable

the fields being -

a Category field that is set equal to a value indicating a Radio Measurement category or Spectrum Management category;

an Action field that is set equal to a value indicating a measurement report is contained therein;

a Dialog Token field that is set equal to a value in a corresponding measurement request or, if the measurement report is not being transmitted in response to a measurement request, is set equal to zero;

an optional Time Stamp field that contains the value of an absolute timer reference 306 at the time when the measurement capable station performed the first measurement of the measurement report elements reported in the measurement report;

a Measurement Report Elements field that contains a number of said measurement report elements, said number being at least one, said measurement report elements field having a combined length and a plurality of sub-fields and being formatted as

	Element ID	Length	Measurement Token	Time Stamp	Measurement Mode	Measurement Type	Measurement Report
Octets:	1	1	1	8	1	1	variable

the subfields being -

an Element ID subfield that is set to an Element ID assigned to the requested Measurement Report;

a Length subfield that is variable with a minimum value of 3;

a Measurement Token subfield that is set equal to a Measurement Token in a corresponding Measurement Request Element of a measurement request or if the Measurement Report Element is being sent autonomously by the measurement capable station then the Measurement Token field is set equal to zero;

an optional Time-Stamp field that is set to the value of an absolute timer when the reported measurement is started,

a Measurement Mode subfield is a bit field that qualifies the type of measurement request being made,

a Measurement Type subfield that is set to an identifier that identifies the type of a measurement request, and

a Measurement Report subfield that contains the specification of the measurement request,

wherein at least one of the Measurement Report Time Stamp and Measurement Element Report Time-Stamp is present.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein:

the WLAN is an IEEE 802.11 WLAN;

the Element Id is set to a unique identifier specified by an IEEE 802.11 standard;

each Time Stamp field is a time synchronization function (TSF) timer value; and

the combined length of the measurement report elements is less than or equal to the maximum allowed medium access control (MAC) management protocol data unit (MMPDU) size.

7. A method for creating an autonomous measurement report having at least one measurement report element, among a plurality of stations in a wireless local area network, comprising the steps of:

recording by a measurement capable station of said plurality of stations at least one pre-determined measurement report element;

optionally time-stamping with an absolute time reference by the measurement capable station said at least one recorded measurement report element;

creating by the measurement capable station an autonomous measurement report comprising said at least one measurement report element;

optionally time-stamping with an absolute time reference of the earliest time of a measurement report element contained therein said autonomous measurement report, and

transmitting by the measurement capable station said autonomous measurement report,

wherein, at least one of said autonomous measurement report time-stamp and said at least one measurement report element time stamp is included in said autonomous measurement report.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein each said time-stamping step further comprises the step of setting by the measurement capable station each said absolute time-stamp to a time synchronization function (TSF) timer value.

9. A method for ensuring correctness of a time reference of a requested measurement among a plurality of stations (STAs) in a wireless local area network (WLAN), comprising the steps of:

transmitting by a first station a request for at least one time-stamped measurement report element to be performed at a given time;

receiving by a second station both the measurement request and a corresponding measurement report comprising the requested at least one measurement report element and

at least one time-stamp comprising an absolute time reference of when the measurement recorded therein was done; and

comparing by the second station the given time of the measurement request with the at least one time-stamp to determine correctness of the time-stamp.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein said receiving step further comprises the step of receiving in said measurement report a plurality of fields formatted as one of

	Category	Action	Dialog Token	reserved	Measurement Report Elements
Octets:	1	1	1	8	variable

and

	Category	Action	Dialog Token	Time Stamp	Measurement Report Elements
Octets:	1	1	1	8	variable

the fields being -

a Category field that is set equal to a value indicating a Radio Measurement category or Spectrum Management category;

an Action field that is set equal to a value indicating a measurement report is contained therein;

a Dialog Token field that is set equal to a value in a corresponding measurement request or, if the measurement report is not being transmitted in response to a measurement request, is set equal to zero;

an optional Time Stamp field that contains the value of an absolute timer reference 306 at the time when the measurement capable station performed the first measurement of the measurement report elements reported in the measurement report;

a Measurement Report Elements field that contains a number of said measurement report elements, said number being at least one, said measurement report elements field having a combined length and a plurality of sub-fields and being formatted as

	Element ID	Length	Measurement Token	Time Stamp	Measurement Mode	Measurement Type	Measurement Report
Octets:	1	1	1	8	1	1	variable

the subfields being -

an Element ID subfield that is set to an Element ID assigned to the requested Measurement Report;

a Length subfield that is variable with a minimum value of 3;

a Measurement Token subfield that is set equal to a Measurement Token in a corresponding Measurement Request Element of a measurement request or if the Measurement Report Element is being sent autonomously by the measurement capable station then the Measurement Token field is set equal to zero;

an optional Time-Stamp field that is set to the value of an absolute timer when the reported measurement is started,

a Measurement Mode subfield is a bit field that qualifies the type of measurement request being made,

a Measurement Type subfield that is set to an identifier that identifies the type of a measurement request, and

a Measurement Report subfield that contains the specification of the measurement request,

wherein at least one of the Measurement Report Time Stamp and Measurement Element Report Time-Stamp is present.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein:

the WLAN is an IEEE 802.11 WLAN;

the Element Id is set to a unique identifier set by an IEEE 802.11 standard;

each said Time-Stamp is a time synchronization function (TSF) timer value; and
 the combined length of the measurement report elements is less than or equal to the
 maximum allowed medium access control (MAC) management protocol data unit
 (MMPDU) size.

12. The method of claim 10, wherein said receiving step further comprises the
 step of receiving a measurement report having each said absolute time reference set using a
 time synchronization function (TSF) timer value.

13. An apparatus configured for resource measurement among a plurality of
 stations in a wireless local area network (WLAN), comprising:

a receiver for receiving an incoming signal;

a measurement acquisition circuit that measures resources of said incoming signal
 received therein as at least one measurement report element;

a timer that provides an absolute time reference;

a control processor, coupled to said measurement acquisition circuit and said timer and
 beginning at a predetermined absolute time, configured to acquire at least one
 measurement report element of said incoming signal and optionally associate one of (1) an
 absolute time reference of the start of the first measurement report 507 within a
 measurement report 400 as a time-stamp and (2) an absolute time reference of the start of
 each measurement report element reported therein with a measurement report element
 time-stamp.

14. The apparatus of claim 13, further comprising:

a memory 304, coupled to said control processor 305 to store said obtained
 measurement report elements 500 and optionally said associated measurement report
 element time-stamps 504; and

wherein, said control processor 305 is further configured to compare the
 predetermined absolute time with at least one said absolute time-stamp 404 504 to
 determine correctness of said at least one absolute time-stamp 404 504.

15. The apparatus of claim 14, further comprising a transmitter that transmits a measurement report comprising a plurality of fields formatted as one of

	Category	Action	Dialog Token	reserved	Measurement Report Elements
Octets:	1	1	1	8	variable

and

	Category	Action	Dialog Token	Time Stamp	Measurement Report Elements
Octets:	1	1	1	8	variable

the fields being -

a Category field that is set equal to a value indicating a Radio Measurement category or Spectrum Management category;

an Action field that is set equal to a value indicating a measurement report is contained therein;

a Dialog Token field that is set equal to a value in a corresponding measurement request or, if the measurement report is not being transmitted in response to a measurement request, is set equal to zero;

an optional Time-Stamp field that contains the value of a timer at the time when the measurement capable station started measuring the first reported measurement, i.e., earliest absolute time-stamp of the measurement elements;

a Measurement Report Elements field that contains a number of said measurement report elements, said number being at least one, said Measurement Report Elements field having a combined length and a plurality of sub-fields and being formatted as

	Element ID	Length	Measurement Token	Time Stamp	Measurement Mode	Measurement Type	Measurement Report
Octet	1	1	1	8	1	1	variable
s:							

the sub-fields being -

an Element ID field that is set to an Element ID assigned to the requested Measurement Report;

a Length field that is variable with a minimum value of 3;

a Measurement Token field that is set equal to the Measurement Token in the corresponding Measurement Request element or if the Measurement Report element is being sent autonomously by the measurement capable station then the Measurement Token field is set equal to zero;

a Time-Stamp field that is set to the value of a timer when the requested measurement is started for each measurement element reported in a Measurement Report Frame.

a Measurement Mode field is a bit field that qualifies the type of measurement request being made;

a Measurement Type field that is set to a number that identifies the type of a measurement request; and

a Measurement Report field that contains the specification of the measurement request,

wherein at least one of the Measurement Report Time Stamp and Measurement Element Report Time-Stamp is present

16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein:

the WLAN is an IEEE 802.11 WLAN;

the Element Id is set to a unique identifier specified by an IEEE 802.11 standard;

each said Time-Stamp is a time synchronization function (TSF) timer value; and

the combined length of the measurement report elements is less than or equal to the maximum allowed medium access control (MAC) management protocol data unit (MMPDU) size.

17. The apparatus of claim 15, further comprising a receiver for receiving a measurement request comprising at least one measurement request element to be measured and reported as a measurement report element and the predetermined time to start measuring.

18. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said measurement request is transmitted by a station of said plurality of stations.

19. The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said measurement request is transmitted by an access point of said plurality of stations.

ABSTRACT

5 A system and method is provided that resolves a possible ambiguity in WLAN measurement reports by having a measuring entity include timer values in returned measurement reports. The time a measurement was requested to be performed and the actual time it was done by a measuring entity can be compared by the receiver to ensure that no ambiguities occurred.

NAME	TYPE	VALID RANGE	DESCRIPTION
PEER MAC ADDRESS	MACADDRESS	ANY VALID INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP MAC ADDRESS	THE ADDRESS OF THE PEER MAC ENTITY TO WHICH THE MEASUREMENT REQUEST SHALL BE SENT.
DIALOG TOKEN	INTEGER	0 = 255	THE DIALOG TOKEN TO IDENTIFY THE MEASUREMENT TRANSACTION.
ACTIVATION DELAY	INTEGER	0 = 255	THE MEASUREMENT ACTIVATION DELAY IN TBTTs AS DEFINED FOR THE MEASUREMENT REQUEST FRAME TYPE.
MEASUREMENT OFFSET	INTEGER	0 = 255	THE MEASUREMENT OFFSET IN TUs AS DEFINED FOR THE MEASUREMENT REQUEST FRAME TYPE.
MEASUREMENT REQUEST SET	SET OF MEASUREMENT REQUESTS EACH AS DEFINED IN THE MEASUREMENT REQUEST ELEMENT FORMAT	SET OF MEASUREMENT REQUESTS EACH AS DEFINED IN THE MEASUREMENT REQUEST ELEMENT FORMAT	A SET OF MEASUREMENT REQUESTS EACH CONTAINING A MEASUREMENT TOKEN, MEASUREMENT REQUEST MODE, MEASUREMENT TYPE AND A MEASUREMENT REQUEST.

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100

FIG. 1A

SERVICE SET	SOURCE OF REQUEST	DESTINATION OF REQUEST	TYPE OF MEASUREMENT REQUEST ALLOWED
BSS	AP	STA	UNICAST, MULTICAST, BROADCAST
	STA	AP	UNICAST ONLY
	STA	STA	NONE
IBSS	STA	STA	UNICAST, MULTICAST, BROADCAST

FIG. 1B

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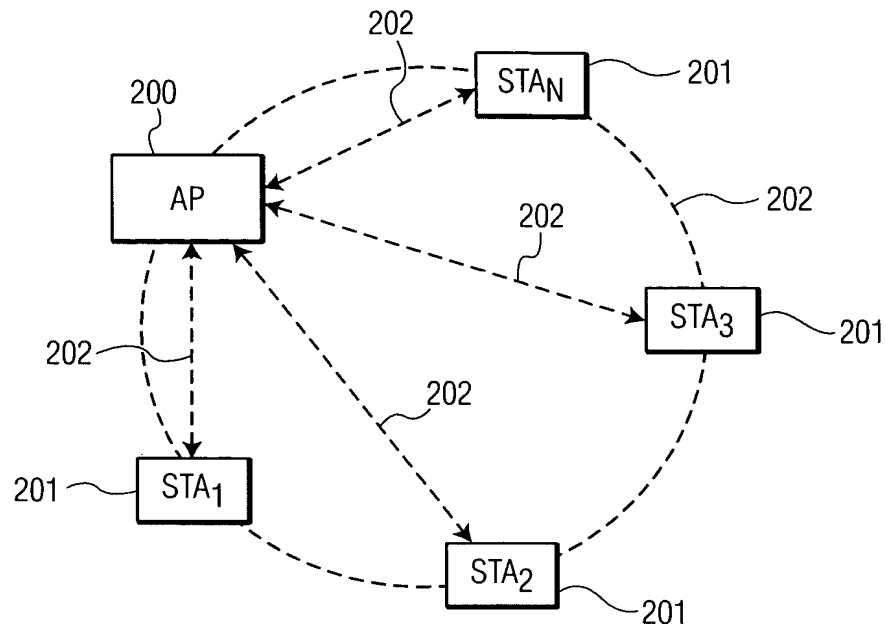


FIG. 2A

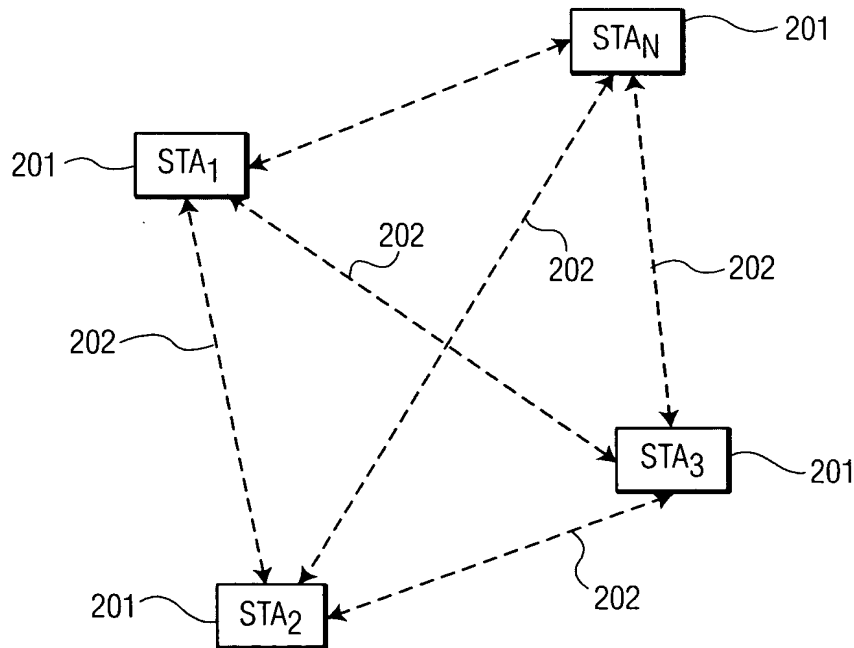


FIG. 2B

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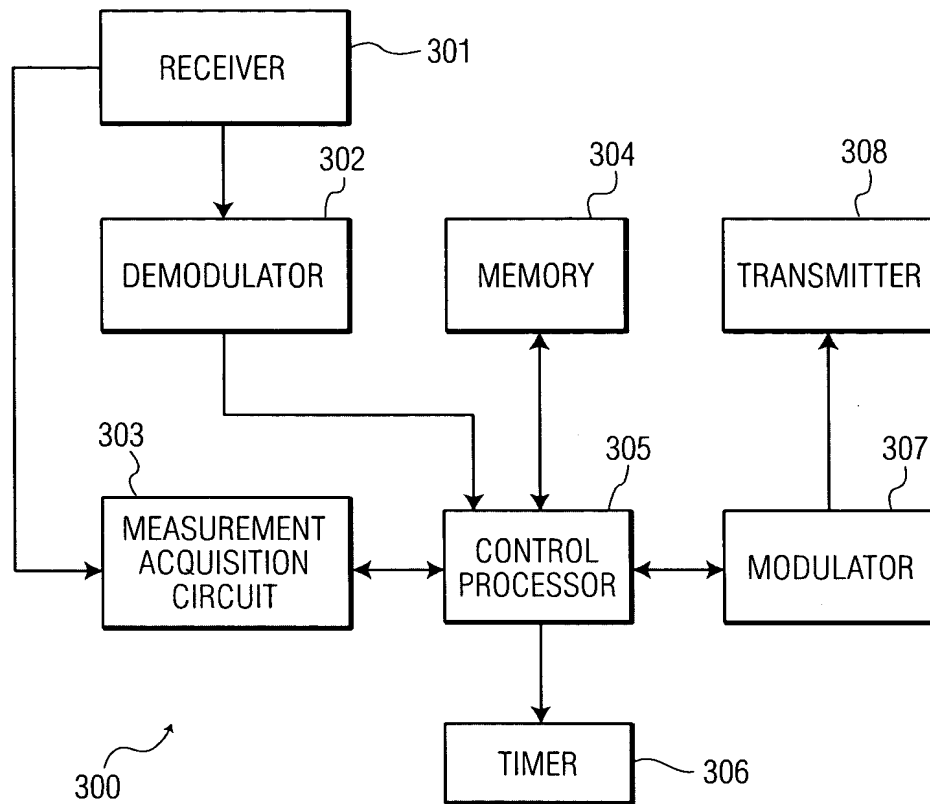


FIG. 3

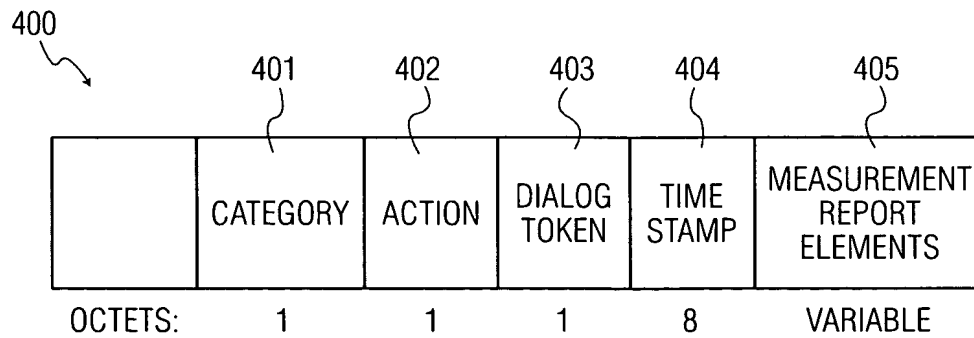


FIG. 4

500 ↗

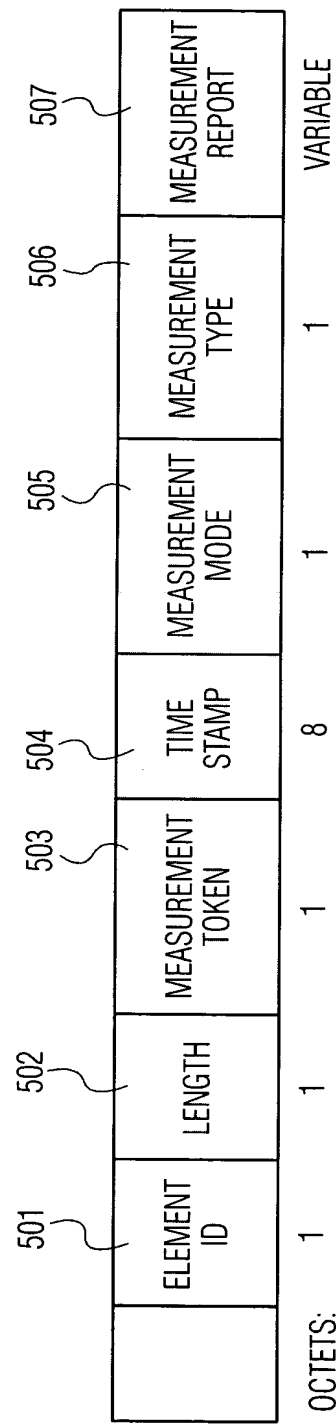


FIG. 5A

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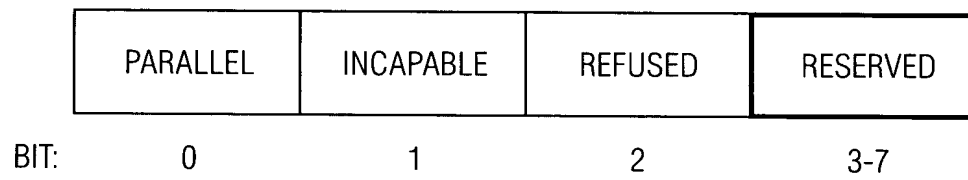


FIG. 5B